UNIVERSITY OF
Southampton

DISCOVER
A NEW
WORLD

**Arts and Humanities
Undergraduate programmes
– Gaokao direct entry 2020**

Southampton is ranked as one of the World's top 100 Universities by the QS World Ranking, 2020. We are a founding member of the Russell Group of research-intensive universities, which means your education is informed by research as it unfolds.

Choosing your university is about more than finding a course. It's about starting the next chapter of your life and taking another step towards becoming the person you want to be.

At Southampton we share your passion to learn and encourage your desire to explore and evolve in a friendly and vibrant community.

Our academics and diverse student community will inspire, challenge and support you. Together we can help you make your mark on the world.

### Entry requirements:

→ Completed the Gaokao, achieving Southampton's minimum score for the province in which the examination was taken.

→ Some degree programmes will be subject to a successful portfolio, interview or interview –audition these include Art and Design programmes, Modern Language and Linguistics programmes and Music programmes.

→ Most degree programmes have a requirement that you have studied the subject to a high level at school for example studying History for a History programme.

→ Meet Southampton's English language entry requirement for the substantive programme of study.

To find out more about the eligible undergraduate degrees we offer at Winchester School of Art and School of Humanities covering Archaeology, English, Film, History, Modern Languages, Music and Philosophy plus any specific course entry requirements please visit:

**www.southampton.ac.uk/wsa**
**www.southampton.ac.uk/humanities**

### Applying:

Applying to Southampton will be the first step towards the next exciting stage of your life. Applications should be submitted via UCAS (**www.ucas.com**). Our institution code is S27 and our code name is SOTON. UCAS will automatically forward your application to us and we will let you know when we have received it.

University of Southampton China country page:
**www.southampton.ac.uk/china**

Further enquiries please email:
**international@southampton.ac.uk**

### International Foundation Year (IFY):

If your don't have the Gaokao scores required for direct entry onto our undergraduate programmes, you may still be able to enrol by taking our International Foundation Year (IFY). This intensive, one-year course will give you the background skills and knowledge to enter onto undergraduate degrees.

**www.southampton.ac.uk/courses/foundation-years/**
**international.page**

Archaeology

Modern Languages and Linguistics

English

Music

Film

Philosophy

History

Winchester School of Art

| Province | Total Max Score | Gaokao score for UG Humanities Pathway | Gaokao score for UG Sciences Pathway | Gaokao score for UG programmes reformed provinces |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anhui | 750 | 605 (81%) | 612 (82%) | 608 (81%) |
| Beijing* | 750 | 621 (83%) | 632 (84%) | 626 (84%) |
| Chongqing | 750 | 607 (81%) | 609 (81%) | 608 (81%) |
| Fujian | 750 | 600 (80%) | 590 (79%) | 595 (79%) |
| Gansu | 750 | 609 (81%) | 599 (80%) | 604 (81%) |
| Guangdong* | 750 | 592 (79%) | 576 (77%) | 584 (78%) |
| Guangxi | 750 | 592 (79%) | 620 (83%) | 606 (81%) |
| Guizhou | 750 | 622 (83%) | 589 (79%) | 605 (81%) |
| Hainan* | 900 | 751 (83%) | 708 (79%) | 730 (81%) |
| Hebei | 750 | 621 (83%) | 618 (82%) | 620 (83%) |
| Heilongjiang | 750 | 601 (80%) | 621 (83%) | 611 (81%) |
| Henan | 750 | 604 (81%) | 601 (80%) | 603 (80%) |
| Hubei | 750 | 602 (80%) | 609 (81%) | 605 (81%) |
| Hunan | 750 | 619 (83%) | 607 (81%) | 613 (82%) |
| Inner Mongolia | 750 | 610 (81%) | 606 (81%) | 608 (81%) |
| Jiangsu | 480 | 375 (78%) | 383 (80%) | 379 (79%) |
| Jiangxi | 750 | 609 (81%) | 612 (82%) | 611 (81%) |
| Jilin | 750 | 597 (80%) | 621 (83%) | 609 (81%) |
| Liaoning* | 750 | 625 (83%) | 622 (83%) | 624 (83%) |
| Ningxia | 750 | 601 (80%) | 520 (69%) | 561 (75%) |
| Qinghai | 750 | 565 (75%) | 557 (74%) | 561 (75%) |
| Shaanxi (陕西) | 750 | 613 (82%) | 611 (81%) | 612 (82%) |
| Shanxi (山西) | 750 | 583 (78%) | 573 (76%) | 578 (77%) |
| Shandong* | 750 | 607 (81%) | 617 (82%) | 612 (82%) |
| Shanghai* | 660 | 532 (81%) | 532 (81%) | 532 (81%) |
| Sichuan | 750 | 611 (81%) | 650 (87%) | 630 (84%) |
| Tianjin* | 750 | 582 (78%) | 625 (83%) | 603 (80%) |
| Xinjiang | 750 | 549 (73%) | 562 (75%) | 556 (74%) |
| Xizang (Tibet) | 750 | 605 (81%) | 656 (87%) | 631 (84%) |
| Yunan | 750 | 623 (83%) | 621 (83%) | 622 (83%) |
| Zhejiang* | 750 | 638 (85%) | 638 (85%) | 638 (85%) |

*Known reformed provinces

# Top 100
global university*

# Top 20
UK university**

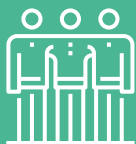# Top 150
institution for employability***

# Over 150 years
of history

1860 ⟶ 2019

| Province | Total Max Score | Gaokao score for IFY Humanities Pathway | Gaokao score for IFY Sciences Pathway | Gaokao score for IFY reformed provinces |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anhui | 750 | 550 (73%) | 496 (66%) | 523 (70%) |
| Beijing* | 750 | 559 (75%) | 527 (70%) | 543 (72%) |
| Chongqing | 750 | 545 (73%) | 525 (70%) | 535 (71%) |
| Fujian | 750 | 550 (73%) | 493 (66%) | 522 (70%) |
| Gansu | 750 | 519 (69%) | 470 (63%) | 495 (66%) |
| Guangdong* | 750 | 546 (73%) | 495 (66%) | 521 (69%) |
| Guangxi | 750 | 521 (69%) | 509 (68%) | 515 (69%) |
| Guizhou | 750 | 542 (72%) | 470 (63%) | 506 (67%) |
| Hainan* | 900 | 654 (73%) | 603 (67%) | 629 (70%) |
| Hebei | 750 | 549 (73%) | 502 (67%) | 526 (70%) |
| Heilongjiang | 750 | 500 (67%) | 477 (64%) | 489 (65%) |
| Henan | 750 | 536 (71%) | 502 (67%) | 519 (69%) |
| Hubei | 750 | 542 (72%) | 505 (67%) | 524 (70%) |
| Hunan | 750 | 553 (74%) | 500 (67%) | 527 (70%) |
| Inner Mongolia | 750 | 522 (70%) | 477 (64%) | 500 (67%) |
| Jiangsu | 480 | 339 (71%) | 345 (72%) | 342 (73%) |
| Jiangxi | 750 | 558 (74%) | 522 (70%) | 540 (72%) |
| Jilin | 750 | 544 (73%) | 530 (71%) | 537 (72%) |
| Liaoning* | 750 | 564 (75%) | 512 (68%) | 538 (72%) |
| Ningxia | 750 | 538 (72%) | 457 (61%) | 498 (66%) |
| Qinghai | 750 | 488 (65%) | 407 (54%) | 448 (60%) |
| Shaanxi (陕西) | 750 | 518 (69%) | 468 (62%) | 493 (66%) |
| Shanxi (山西) | 750 | 542 (72%) | 507 (68%) | 525 (70%) |
| Shandong* | 750 | 542 (72%) | 514 (69%) | 528 (70%) |
| Shanghai* | 660 | 503 (76%) | 503 (76%) | 503 (76%) |
| Sichuan | 750 | 540 (72%) | 547 (73%) | 544 (72%) |
| Tianjin* | 750 | 500 (67%) | 551 (73%) | 526 (70%) |
| Xinjiang | 750 | 510 (68%) | 450 (60%) | 480 (64%) |
| Xizang (Tibet) | 750 | 420 (56%) | 425 (57%) | 423 (56%) |
| Yunan | 750 | 560 (75%) | 535 (71%) | 548 (73%) |
| Zhejiang* | 750 | 595 (79%) | 595 (79%) | 595 (79%) |

*Known reformed provinces

WeChat: UoSouthampton